

## Key Learning in Reading: Year 2

Word Reading	Comprehension
As above and:	As above and:
§ Read aloud books closely matched	Developing pleasure in reading and motivation to read
to their improving phonic	§ Listen, discuss and express views about a range of texts at a level beyond that at which they can read independently, including stories, non-fiction, and
knowledge, sounding out	contemporary and classic poetry.
unfamiliar words accurately,	§ Orally retell a wider range of stories, fairy tales and traditional tales.
automatically and without undue	§ Sequence and discuss the main events in stories and recounts.
hesitation.	§ Read a range of non-fiction texts which are structured in different ways, including information, explanations, instructions, recounts, reports.
§ Re-read books to build up fluency	§ Recognise the use of repetitive language within a text or poem (e.g. run, run as fast as you can) and across texts (e.g. long, long ago in a land far away).
and confidence in word reading.	§ Learn and recite a range of poems using appropriate intonation.
§ Read frequently encountered	§ Make personal reading choices and explain reasons for choices.
words quickly and accurately	
without overt sounding and	Understanding books which they can read themselves and those which are read to them
blending.	§ Identify, discuss and collect favourite words and phrases.
§ Read accurately by blending the	§ Introduce and discuss words within the context of a text, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.
sounds in words, especially	§ Use morphology to work out the meaning of unfamiliar words e.g. terror, terrorised.
recognising alternative sounds for	§ Uses tone and intonation when reading aloud.
graphemes.	§ Activate prior knowledge and raise questions e.g. What do we know? What do we want to know? What have we learned?
§ Read accurately words of two or	§ Check that texts make sense while reading and self-correct.
more syllables that contain	§ Demonstrate understanding of fiction and non-fiction texts by asking and answering who, what, where, when, why, how questions.
alternative sounds for grapheme	§ Explain and discuss their understanding, giving opinions and supporting with reasons e.g. Hansel was clever when he put stones in his pocket because
e.g. shoulder, roundabout,	§ Develop and demonstrate their understanding of characters and events through role play and drama, drawing on language from the text.
grouping.	§ Make inferences about characters and events using evidence from the text e.g. what is the character thinking, saying and feeling?
§ Read longer and less familiar texts	§ Make predictions based on what has been read so far.
independently.	§ Identify how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. sub-headings, contents, bullet points, glossary, diagrams.
§ Apply phonic knowledge and skills	§ Locate information from non-fiction texts using the contents page, index, labelled diagrams and charts.
to read words until automatic	
decoding has become embedded	Participating in discussion
and reading is fluent.	§ Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say.
§ Work out unfamiliar words by	§ Make contributions in whole class and group discussion.
focusing on all letters in the word,	§ Consider other points of view.
e.g. not reading <i>place</i> for <i>palace</i> .	§ Listen and respond to contributions from others.
§ Read words containing common	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
suffixes e.g. –ness, -ment, -ful,	
-less -ly, -ing, -ed, -er, -est, -y.	
§ Read further common exception	
words, noting tricky parts (see	
below).	