

Key Learning in Mathematics – Year 6

Number – number and place value \$ Count forwards or backwards in steps of integers, decimals, powers of 10. \$ Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine, the value of each digit. \$ Sidentify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify, represent and estimate numbers using the number line. \$ Order and compare numbers including integers, decimals and negative numbers. \$ Find 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10 and powers of 10 more/less than a given number. \$ Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. \$ Round whole number to a required degree of accuracy. \$ Round any whole number to a required segree of accuracy. \$ Round whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places. \$ Use negative numbers incontext, and calculate intervals across zero. \$ Describe and extend number sequences including those with multiplication and divisions netset, inconsistant steps, alternating steps and those where the steps size is a decimal. \$ Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above. \$ Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above. \$ Solve number or addition and subtraction facts for 1 (with decimals to two decimal places.) \$ Solve numbers and decimals using formal written method. \$ Stable number is including with mixed operations and determine, in the context of a problems involving all four operations, including those with missing numbers. \$ Solve addition and subtraction and subtraction in multi-step problems in context, and calculations, including those with missing numbers using the formal written method of long multiplication. \$ Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in context, and calculations, including those with missing numbers. \$ Solve addition and subtraction in multi-step problems in context, and calculations, including those with missing numbers using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders is subtlet. \$ Solve problems involving all four operations, including th	not bearing in manifest real c			
\$ Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. \$ Identify common factor, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). \$ Identify common factor, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). \$ Identify common factor, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime calculations including with mixed operations and large numbers. \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers are decimal places. \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers are decimal places. \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers are decimal places. \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers are decimal places. \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers are decimal places. \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers are decimal places. \$ Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers are decimal places. \$	Number – number and place value	Number – addition and subtraction	Number – multiplication and division	
	 § Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit. § Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places. § Identify, represent and estimate numbers using the number line. § Order and compare numbers including integers, decimals and negative numbers. § Find 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10 and powers of 10 more/less than a given number. § Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. § Round decimals with three decimal places to the nearest whole number or one or two decimal places. § Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places. § Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. § Describe and extend number sequences including those with multiplication and division steps, inconsistent steps, alternating steps and those where the step size is a decimal. 	the numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). § Select a mental strategy appropriate for the numbers in the calculation. § Recall and use addition and subtraction facts for 1 (with decimals to two decimal places). § Perform mental calculations including with mixed operations and large numbers and decimals. § Add and subtract whole numbers and decimals using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). § Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. § Use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations. § Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. § Solve problems involving all four operations, including those with	based upon the numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). § Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers. § Use partitioning to double or halve any number. § Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. § Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication. § Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers. § Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written methods of short or long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. § Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places. § Use estimation and inverse to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. § Use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations. § Solve problems involving all four operations, including	



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Rey Learning in Mathematics – Tear o			
Number – fractions, decimals and percentages	Geometry – properties of shapes	Measurement	
 § Compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 (including on a number line). § Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. § Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. § Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375 and 3/8). § Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. § Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. 1/4 x 1/2 = 1/8). § Divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. 1/3 ÷ 2 = 1/6). § Find simple percentages of amounts. § Solve problems involving fractions. § Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy. § Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g. of measures and such as 15% of 260) and the use of percentages for comparison. 	§ Compare/classify geometric shapes based on the properties and sizes. § Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles. § Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. § Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets. § Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. § Find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, regular polygons. Geometry – position and direction • Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants). • Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.	 § Use, read and write standard units of length, mass, volume and time using decimal notation to three decimal places. § Convert between standard units of length, mass, volume and time using decimal notation to three decimal places. § Convert between miles and kilometres. § Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa. § Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. § Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. § Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units (e.g. mm³ and km³). § Calculate differences in temperature, including those that involved a positive and negative temperature. § Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate. 	
Ratio and proportion	Algebra	Statistics	
§ Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found using integer multiplication/division facts. § Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples. § Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.	§ Use simple formulae. § Generate and describe linear number sequences. § Express missing number problems algebraically. § Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. § Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.	 § Continue to complete and interpret information in a variety of sorting diagrams (including sorting properties of numbers and shapes). § Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. § Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in all types of graph. § Calculate and interpret the mean as an average. 	